

SOLAR MYTHOLOGY

SOLAR MYTHOLOGY The sun has always been venerated by man since the infancy of humanity. Its warmth shelters and its light illuminates, protecting men from the unknown dangers of darkness.

EGYPTIAN MYTHOLOGY

Ra was the symbol of sunlight and was responsible for the cycle of death and resurrection. His representation is that of a man with the head of a hawk.

<https://www.storyboardthat.com/es/mythology/ra>
[https://www.ecured.cu/Ra_\(dios_egipcio\)](https://www.ecured.cu/Ra_(dios_egipcio))



AZTEC MYTHOLOGY

The most popular God was Tonatiuh. He traveled through heaven at his own time. According to the Aztecs the world was in his fifth era. Tonatiuh did not like the news that it was going to be the fifth God of the Sun, but it was already late to go back, because three gods had gathered to make a sacrifice that would force Tonatiuh to occupy his place in heaven.

<https://redhistoria.com/quien-es-tonatiuh-en-la-mitologia-azteca-el-dios-del-sol/>
<https://mitologia.guru/dioses-mitologicos/tonatiuh/>

MESOPOTAMIC MYTHOLOGY

Shamash was one of the gods of Mesopotamia, better known as the god of the sun and of justice. Sitting on his throne in heaven he could see everything that was happening and illuminated the whole earth with his splendor and provided warmth. Shamash had a very important task and it was to monitor all businesses, as well as, he had to detect falsehoods, scams and lies in people. This was concerned with protecting humanity from evil and curses.

[SHAMASH » El dios del sol en Mesopotamia \(mitologia.info\)](#)



JAPANESE MYTHOLOGY

Amaterasu is the goddess of the sun in Japanese mythology. She taught humans to plant rice and weave clothes. A legend from Japanese mythology tells how her brother produced the anger of the goddess and unleashed eternal darkness.

Amaterasu, however, did not accept her brother's statement, stating that he had used her magic beads to create the monstrous beings.

[Amaterasu la diosa del sol de la mitologia japonesa \(mitosymas.com\)](#)



NORDIC MYTHOLOGY

The goddess Sól is chased throughout the day by a wolf, Sköll who wants to devour her. Solar eclipses would mean that Sköll has almost reached it. The Vikings believed that this fatal fate increased their chances during eclipses. Fate dictates that Sköll will eventually reach Sól and devour her. In Norse mythology, the sun provided no light. If it was not the horses that pulled the chariot of the goddess Sól, the mane of her horses emitted the light and his own the heat of the day.

<https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sól>

<https://pehueniaonline.com.ar/la-leyenda-nordica-de-skoll-y-hati-los-terribles-lobos-mitologicos/>
<https://www.thevalkyriesvigil.com/mitologia-nordica-el-sol-y-la-luna-la-noche-y-el-dia/>
<https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sól>

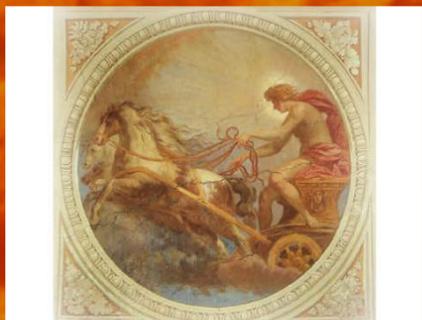


GREEK MYTHOLOGY

Helios, god of the sun and son of two titans. He was imagined as a beautiful god crowned with the brilliant aureole of the sun, who drove a chariot through the sky every day his journey marked the beginning and the end of the day. Helios is frequently identified with the god of light, Apollo, both being totally different gods. The most popular legend of Helios, tells that he seduced an oceanid. From his union, Phaethon was born who one day tried to drive his father's chariot through the sky. He lost control of the reins and began to put all the burning earth on fire. Zeus had to stop him, so he struck the chariot with lightning, killing Phaethon and devastating Helios.

<https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Helios>

<https://es.quizzclub.com/trivia/como-se-llama-el-dios-del-sol-en-la-mitologia-griega/answer/1048496/>
<https://redhistoria.com/quien-es-el-dios-helios-el-sol-en-la-mitologia-griega/>
<https://sobregrecia.com/2009/05/11/helios-el-dios-sol/>
<https://www.storyboardthat.com/es/mythology/helios>
<https://sobregrecia.com/2009/05/11/helios-el-dios-sol/>



Thanks to all these legends, our ancestors understood a phenomenon as complex as the Sun, which they could not explain by another. Eyecciones de masa coronal (est-east.eu)